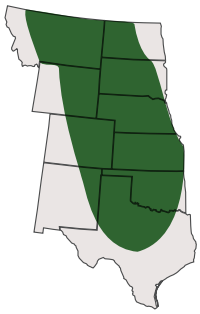

AgriPro Brand Wheat Variety

AP Stocky

Heavy Built Awnless

Pedigree: Fermer / Fortuna

Key Strengths

- **Awnless wheat variety for superior silage**
- **Excellent grain and forage yield potential providing management flexibility**
- **Excellent straw strength**

Call your AgriPro® Assoiciate for local performance data and seed availability.

A complete listing of AgriPro Associates is avaiilable at AgriProWheat.com.

Agronomics

Type	Hard Red Winter
Head Type	Awnless
Seed Size	Medium
Chaff Color	White
Herbicide Tolerance	None
Test Weight	Very Good
Straw Strength	Excellent
Relative Maturity	Medium
Plant Height	Short
Winter Hardiness	Very Good
Acid Soil Tolerance	Good
Coleoptile Length	Long
Tillering	Very Good
Milling & Baking Quality	Very Good
Protein	Fair

Ratings may vary across area of adaptation.

Disease and Pest Tolerance

Leaf Rust	NA
Stripe Rust	Very Good
Stem Rust	NA
Wheat Streak Mosaic Virus	Good
Barley Yellow Dwarf Virus	NA
Soil-Born Mosaic Virus	Very Good
Leaf Blotch	Very Good
Tan Spot	Very Good
Powdery Mildew	NA
Hessian Fly	NA
Fusarium Head Blight	Fair

Variety Protection

PVP	Protected

Seed trading and resale by any unauthorized party is strictly prohibited by law.

Management Notes

AP Stocky is an awnless wheat, preferred in hay and silage systems, with none of the grain yield drag often associated with awnless types. Its forage and grain yield potential makes AP Stocky an excellent choice for farmers wanting additional flexibility later in the growing season. AP Stocky brings excellent straw strength and winter hardiness to the AgriPro awnless lineup. Across the plains, irrigated or dryland, silage or grain, AP Stocky is the versatile awnless wheat you've been looking for.

Yield Data

Scan scan the QR code for AgriPro Performance Trial data or visit AgriProWheat.com.

Note: these agronomic assessments are updated annually by Syngenta scientists. The current values reflect each variety's relative performance within these characteristics through the 2025 crop year. Specific conditions may cause variations. These relative protection values are based on current pest and disease populations, known to shift periodically potentially changing specific evaluations. Resistance to many other diseases and pests is sensitive to environmental conditions, plant development stages and the presence and intensity of other diseases which may result in specific evaluation inconsistencies.